

BARRE DAILY TIMES

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1906.

The average daily circulation of the Barre Daily Times for the week ending Saturday was

4,150

copies, the largest paid circulation of any daily paper in this section.

Is there a better place than Vermont to visit at the present time?

Some of the Proctor papers are asking if Clement's heart is in the right place. We don't know, but it may be in his mouth at the present time.

It is comforting to think that our representatives on the diamond can go no lower in their position, and there is a chance for better things. Let's take the chance.

A good deal of importance attaches to the two suits filed by the state of Vermont against the Central Vermont railroad, charging excessive tariff rates on supplies shipped by that carrier to the insane asylum at Waterbury. The disposition of the case in Washington county court this fall will mean much to the state in the long run.

PARADING THEIR LAWLESSNESS.

For advertising purposes the souvenir postal card which is now being sent out from Salisbury, North Carolina, cannot be commended as a business-getter, but it does give a tone to the place, there's no doubt of it. Recently two negroes were lynched in Salisbury. The postal cards in question bear a photograph of the two negroes, strung up to a tree and their bodies riddled with bullets, presenting a ghastly object of a town's lawlessness. The brain which proposed to put such a reproduction on a postal card to go broadcast over the country and world perhaps, must have been shallow, indeed. What good purpose could such a spectacle serve? None whatever, it would seem. It will brand Salisbury with an indelible stamp of lawlessness which will keep decent and law-respecting people away and which will make of the North Carolina town a by-word for crime. A great injury has been done by some overzealous people, and the United States government has done the place a great service by holding up the offensive postal card until such time as the right to transmit them will be decided. If there are any people in Salisbury who still love their town's fair name (we say "fair name" doubtfully) they will rush to protest against the transmission of the cards.

MANAGING THE PEOPLE'S BUSINESS.

Referring to statement recently made by this paper that the conduct of the manufacturing department of the house of correction was not such as a man would want to see in a business where his own money was concerned, the St. Albans Messenger ventures the opinion that we have misread the report of the special commission. Possibly The Messenger may have misunderstood our meaning, and to make its position clearer The Times will state that it fully intended what it said, not, however, in

criticism of the amount of returns which the state of Vermont received from the manufacturing department. It was not our purpose to convey the impression that the returns were not sufficient or to infer that the business was not managed in an up-to-date manner. For anything we know, the state gets as good an investment on its money and labor as a private business man could get. What we did intend to convey was the idea that the state of Vermont as the owner of a great manufacturing concern was not in touch with its affairs as a private citizen would demand to be placed. What business man is there who, investing a considerable amount of money in an enterprise, would leave the management to another and demand no opportunity for investigating minutely and first-hand the accounts of the business, the receipts and the disbursements, relying rather on the report which the manager of that industry should see fit to make to him? In short, what business man would be so foolish as to invest his money and then go off and leave it?

To all intents and purposes, that is what the state of Vermont has done during the years past. To use the exact words of the special commission's report: "We find that the books and accounts of this department had not been audited by any state auditor until required to do so by act No. 160 of the laws of 1904, which provides that all vouchers, bills of account, etc., be sent every three months to the office of that official at Montpelier and audited there." Turn from this to the specific report of the expert accountant, F. S. Pratt, who says that the state auditors have never found it to be part of their duties to audit the accounts of the department "and the biennial reports to the legislature are the only information the officers of the department have been required to furnish." Once every two years, then, the officers of the house of correction have been required to make report of their stewardship, and this is a business which is reporting proceeds of from \$20,000 to \$30,000 biennially! Even the expert accountant admits there was a chance for defrauding the state by not entering sales that had been made, albeit after comparing the inventories of marble bought and sold, he is inclined to think that such a thing was not done.

If the manner of conducting the business was sufficient and satisfactory (and by that of course we mean conducting it in relation to the state of Vermont) if that was sufficient and satisfactory, why did the state of Vermont at the last session of the legislature pass a law requiring the auditor of the state to make every quarter year a minute examination of the management of the institution? Was there not in the act of the legislature a confession that the state had been lax and that as guardian of the people's property it had failed to make the proper safeguards against graft? If the state's methods of conducting the business have been satisfactory in the past, why is it that the special commission in its report, just published, recommends that the manager and bookkeeper of the marble business be required "as a matter of business prudence and precaution" to furnish bonds, as they have not been required to do before? We leave it to The Messenger if the state of Vermont has demanded the close touch with the manufacturing department of the house of correction that Mr. Proctor or Mr. Clement would demand if they were furnishing the money instead of the taxpayers of Vermont.



How's your head after wearing that Straw Hat all Summer? Try one of our new Fall Hats, just arrived, and feel the difference. See window.

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FR. ROGERS & CO.
 174 Main Street, Barre, Vt.

JINGLES AND JESTS.

Question of the Day.
 Is the word "nightgown" a fit word to use in polite society?—Acheson Globe.

Or Mal-de-Mer?
 Some people are foolish enough to be afraid of hydrophobia among the ocean greyhounds.—Somerville Journal.

Making the Ends Meet.
 Every day it becomes harder to understand where a "gentleman's agreement" ends and a "rogue's" conspiracy begins.—Kansas City Star.

Among Old Masters.
 The farmer had already purchased a number of shares in an oil well, a lightning rod and a quantity of green goods. But the man with the gold brick was not cast down.
 "The old guy is the picture of despair," quoth he to himself; "but, like many another picture, he will stand re-echoing by a real artist, I fancy."—Puck.

Little Dog Days.
 If these are dog days they must be of the water spaniel variety. Any other kind of dog would scorn to recognize them as his property.—Kansas City Journal.

Again or Yet?
 In less than three months now the country will be saved again.—Providence Journal.

Georgia Barbecue.
 We could roast beefsteak on the roof, if we only had the beefsteak.—Atlanta Constitution.

The Good Kill 'Em Young.
 "Is Speedman a good chauffeur?"
 "Good? Say, he caught a man yesterday that every motorist in the city had a try at and missed."—Judge.

Summer in the Flat.
 There is just as much room in a flat as in a palace to quarrel. Who's kicking up an argument on a hot day, the same is a menace to society.—Montreal Star.

Peekaboo-ben-Adam.
 "I understand you are against the peek-a-boo valets?"
 "Um—no, not exactly. But I've been pretty close to two or three."—Cleveland Press.

THE ROYAL BOX.

The romantic and poetical people of Spain have fallen captive to the charms of their new queen and call her "the golden haired fairy of the sleeping palace."

The German emperor owns the most valuable draughtboard in existence. The light and dark squares are made of silver and gold, and the draughts are also made of silver and gold, each having a diamond or a ruby in the center.

The waist of Queen Maud of Norway measures but seventeen inches, and she is so ethereal in appearance that even in England, where the cult of thinness has as worshippers practically all the women of the realm and many of the men, she is called rather too frail and delicate in appearance.

Princess Victoria, the Kaiser's only daughter, is now a well grown girl. She is tall for her age and uncommonly plain in feature, but what she lacks in beauty is made good in sprightliness. For one thing, she stands in no awe of her sire and puts etiquette to flight when any whim seizes her.

Rope Bridges.

In the canyons of the Andes bridges from precipice to precipice are made of rope cables joined by smaller strand to make a trough shaped bridge.

WASHINGTON.

Washington has four inmates in Vermont insane hospitals. Their maintenance costs the town nothing. It costs the state about \$780 a year and is paid from the tax on corporations, there being no state tax. If Washington paid this, as was formerly the case, it would mean a town tax of 26 cents on every dollar of the grand list. Clement condemns the present system of caring for the insane. Do you? If not, vote the Republican ticket September 4.—Adv.

A Dollar Campaign

Work of the Two Congressional Committees — Political Amenities at the Headquarters of the Republicans.

THIS is a dollar campaign on both sides of the political fence. The Republicans are anxious to retain their majority in the house of representatives and their congressional campaign committee has appealed to the rank and file of the party for \$1 contributions, promising each subscriber a copy of the campaign text book published by the national authorities of the party. Congressman James S. Sherman of New York state, who is chairman of the Republican congressional committee, reports that the result of the appeal has been gratifying and that the dollars are coming fast. One of the first to send in his dollar was President Roosevelt. Soon after came a letter conveying a dollar from the governor of New York, Frank W. Higgins.

The Democratic congressional committee is pursuing a similar plan in raising the funds for its campaign. The chairman of the Democratic committee is Congressman James M. Griggs of Georgia, and he is assisted by Congressman James T. Lloyd of Missouri and Henry T. Rainey of Illinois, who are managing the canvass in the west. Both the committees have established their national headquarters in New York city, and Chairman Sherman's office is not a great way from that of Chairman Griggs. Of course the main topics of consideration at these political stamping grounds are the trusts and the tariff and such subjects, but occasionally political amenities are introduced, as was the case when Chairman Griggs dropped in one morning recently to see how things were going in the camp of the enemy.

"Not much more doing here than there is down our way," remarked Mr. Griggs, after greetings.
 "Well, do something," returned Sherman. "Hand us out a dollar for our campaign fund."

"Well, you must need the money," remarked Griggs. "Honestly I'd give



CHAIRMAN SHERMAN AND CHAIRMAN GRIGGS AND AMENITIES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

it to you, only I don't want to follow the lead of our distinguished president."

Just then Louis Coolidge of Washington, former president of the Gridiron club, dropped in.

"What do you think of Jim?" asked Sherman, referring to Mr. Griggs. "He won't give up to our fund."

"Well, I'll pay it for him," volunteered Coolidge, "if he'll stand for the credit being given to him."

"If I can make Coolidge give up a dollar I'll stand for anything," returned Mr. Griggs.

So the dollar was passed over and the proper entry made, and now James M. Griggs, chairman of the Democratic congressional campaign committee, figures as a donor to the Republican fund.

"Now give me a dollar for our fund," said Griggs to Coolidge.

"No; we're working this side of the street," returned Coolidge, "but I'll spend one somewhere else."

So an adjournment was taken to a place where the matters discussed are less dry than political economy and campaign statistics.

The campaign is especially warm this year in the districts of Congressmen Littlefield of Maine, Longworth of Ohio and Warner and Bartholdt of Missouri. These congressmen have incurred the hostility of the American Federation of Labor by their attitude on labor bills in the house of representatives and the federation officials are after their political scalps. Speaker Cannon and other leading lights on the Republican side are to appear in the Maine district represented by Mr. Littlefield, and President Gompers and his associates in the Federation of Labor are to oppose the influence of their arguments and oratory to the blandishments of the Republican spellbinders.

To Clean Eyeglasses.

Let eyeglasses lie in alcohol for a few moments, then polish with camellia. If the glasses are set into gold frames, a fine camel's hair brush will lift the dust from the edges and make them look like new.

BERLIN.

Berlin has one inmate in Vermont insane hospitals. His maintenance costs the town nothing. It costs the state about \$195 a year and is paid from the tax on corporations, there being no state tax. If Berlin paid this, as was formerly the case, it would mean a town tax of 3.2 cents on every dollar of the grand list. Clement condemns the present system of caring for the insane. Do you? If not, vote the Republican ticket September 4.—Adv.

Republican caucus at West Berlin this year, Saturday, August 18, at 2 o'clock p. m. sharp.

Mail Carrier B. C. Alexander was accompanied for a distance by three deer on his trip Tuesday morning.

Keniston's ice cream and soda parlors at Benjamin's falls was burned on Monday. Cause of the fire is unknown.

ORANGE.

Orange has one inmate in Vermont insane hospitals. His maintenance costs the town nothing. It costs the state about \$195 a year and is paid from the tax on corporations, there being no state tax. If Orange paid this, as was formerly the case, it would mean a town tax of 7.8 cents on every dollar of the grand list. Clement condemns the present system of caring for the insane. Do you? If not, vote the Republican ticket September 4.—Adv.

NORTHFIELD.

Northfield has six inmates in Vermont insane hospitals. Their maintenance costs the town nothing. It costs the state about \$1,470 a year and is paid from the tax on corporations, there being no state tax. If Northfield paid this, as was formerly the case, it would mean a town tax of 8.5 cents on every dollar of the grand list. Clement condemns the present system of caring for the insane. Do you? If not, vote the Republican ticket September 4.—Adv.

MARSHFIELD.

Marshfield has four inmates in Vermont insane hospitals. Their maintenance costs the town nothing. It costs the state about \$780 a year and is paid from the tax on corporations, there being no state tax. If Marshfield paid this, as was formerly the case, it would mean a town tax of 12.8 cents on every dollar of the grand list. Clement condemns the present system of caring for the insane. Do you? If not, vote the Republican ticket September 4.—Adv.

GRANITEVILLE.

The members of Robert Burns Post, No. 3521, I. O. E., are requested to attend the meeting Friday evening, Aug. 17, as important business is to be brought up. Per order, Secretary.

Sounds Doom of Farm Horse.

Good bye to Dobbin, the faithful and sturdy old farm horse, writes Beecroft in Technical World Magazine for September. No longer will "the plowman homeward plod his weary way." Instead he will simply turn on the second speed of his agricultural motor-car and go dashing up the lane to the farm house at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

In the early months of 1905, what proved to be the first successful gasoline agricultural motor appeared, contesting at nearly all of the great agricultural competitions of the season in England, and carrying off the gold medals from the horse in every contest.

Plowmen proved to be the first phase of farm labor to which the agricultural motor was introduced, and at which, four years ago, it made its initial reputation. Steam engines had proven too heavy for the soft land being plowed, and here the agriculturist expected to mine the internal combustion motor, but he signally failed. For a plowing test among horses, steam power and the gasoline motor, two and three-quarter acres of very heavy clay soil were selected. It was a condition that the furrows were to be nine inches wide and six deep. In doing the work nine horses, three to a plow, with three drivers and three boys, did the work at a total cost of eight dollars and twenty-eight cents, or at the rate of three dollars and sixty-eight cents per acre. By steam power the total cost of plowing the same area amounted to a total of nine dollars and eight cents, or at four dollars and eight cents per acre, and with the gasoline motor the cost totaled four dollars and forty-four cents, or at one dollar and ninety-seven cents per acre. For plowing purposes a three-horse plow is invariably used, except in heavy clay soils where a couple of furrows prove sufficient.



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Rexall Cream of Almonds is a pure, delightful preparation, free from grease or oil. It whitens, softens and soothes the skin, removes facial blemishes and insures a fresh, fair complexion. Sold with the Rexall guarantee. Per bottle, 35 cents.

Red Cross Pharmacy

CLEAN-UP SALE!

For Friday and Saturday

To make room for a larger stock of Fall Goods, this store must have more room. For Friday and Saturday we will sell the following goods at a price that will clean them up.

- 1 lot 28-inch Cheviot Serge, nice for children's school dresses, to close at, per yard, 10c
- 1 lot Tricot Flannel, in good dark colors, at a clean up price of, per yard, 22c
- 1 piece plain 36-inch Grey Tweed for skirts, per yard, 45c
- 1 piece Grey Plaid 36-inch Tweed for skirts, per yard, 45c
- 50 inch Plain Mohair in grey, navy and black. This quality does not sell for less than 75c a yard. For two days, sale price, only, per yd. 49c
- Linen—36-inch Linen Damask, per yard 50c. Pure Linen Huck Towels, plain, also hemstitched, 19c each. Heavy Huck Towels, 20 and 36 inches, for 12 1-2c each. Five pieces all black stripe Muslin, per yard, 12 1-2c
- Corded white Muslin Shirt Waists, 39c
- \$1.50 White Lawn Waists for 98c and \$1.25
- Mercerized Embroidered Shirt Waist for \$1.25
- Mercerized Striped Waist (new) for 98c
- \$1.00 Thompson's Corsets for 79c
- 50c Corsets, odd sizes, for 27c
- Ladies' Lisle 2 Clasp Gloves for 19c

Other bargains not advertised.
 Come early for first choice on this table.

The Vaughan Store



IT'S THE WOMEN

Who know how to make a dollar do the best work in buying Dry Goods, and the majority know this is the store to make a dollar go the farthest and no better time of year to do it than now. A little money will buy a pretty Muslin Dress, a smart Silk Suit, a well shaped Skirt or a comfortable Waist cut from just right patterns. It's wonderful what 98c, \$1.98, \$3.98, \$5.98, \$8.98 and \$10.98 will do here.

SPECIAL ATTRACTION FOR SATURDAY--
 5000 yards of Cotton Challis, excellent patterns at 5c a yard.

\$6.00 to \$10.00 Silk Eton Jackets Saturday at \$3.98

PERLEY E. POPE CO., Montpelier

P. E. POPE, Manager.

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MASCOTT'S FAMOUS ICE CREAM

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The Barre Candy Kitchen

AT THE CITY BAKERY

A FEW OF OUR DAILY PRICES

- Pound Cake, genuine, per lb., 20c
- Angel Cake, per loaf, 12c
- Scotch Short Bread, per doz., 30c
- Plain and Chocolate Jelly Rolls, per loaf, 10c
- Sponge Cake, per loaf, 10c
- White Mountain Cake, per loaf, 15c
- Mocha Cakes, per doz., 15c
- Lady Fingers, per doz., 12c
- Hermits, genuine, per doz., 10c
- Ice Cream Cakes, per loaf, 15c
- Cheese Cakes, per doz., 12c
- Sunshine Cake, per loaf, 15c
- Orange Cakes, per doz., 15c
- Our great seller, Fig Squares, per doz., 10c
- Chocolate Biscuits, per doz., 10c
- Our famous Malt Bread, per loaf, 10c
- Our famous Malt Bread, per loaf, 10c
- Or three for 30c
- All kinds of Pies and a full line of Cookies.

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